


WHAT IS OPEN ACCESS?

Send us your answer @

<https://pollev.com/jesseayoung148>

A photograph of a modern, curved building with large glass windows, likely a library or academic building, at dusk. The building is illuminated from within, and the sky is a deep blue. In the foreground, a person is sitting on a bench on a paved area. The image is split vertically, with the left side being dark and the right side showing the building and sky.

Open Access: Strategies & Tools for Life after LMU

Open Access is...

The free, immediate, online availability of research articles coupled with rights to use these articles fully in the digital environment.

Open Access ensures that anyone can access and use these results - to turn ideas into industries and breakthroughs into better lives.

The Scholarly Publishing and Academic Resources Coalition

Open Access is...

The free, immediate, online availability of research articles coupled with rights to use these articles fully in the digital environment.

Our Current Publishing Model is Outdated!

Once published, those that contributed to the research (from taxpayers to the institutions that supported the research itself) have to pay again to access the findings. Though research is produced as a **public good**, it isn't available to the public who paid for it.

What is Information Privilege?

Information privilege is the idea that access to information can be based on an individual's status, affiliation, or power.

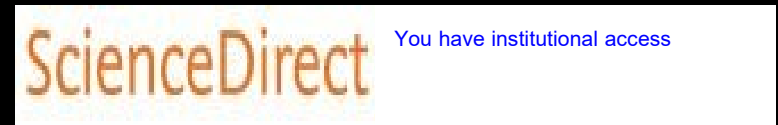
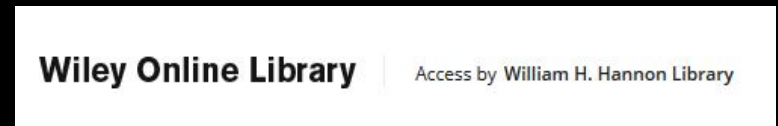
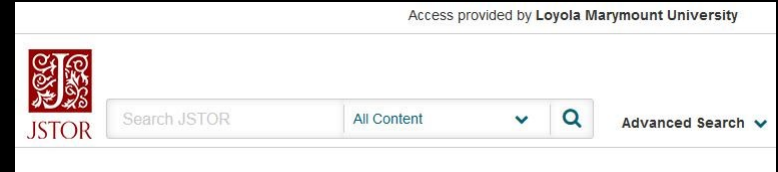
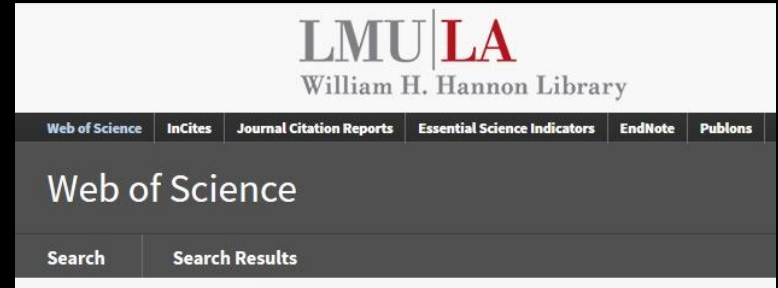


TABLE 1: AVERAGE 2017 PRICE FOR SCIENTIFIC DISCIPLINES

DISCIPLINE	AVERAGE PRICE PER TITLE	DISCIPLINE	AVERAGE PRICE PER TITLE
Chemistry	\$4,773	Botany	\$2,053
Physics	4,369	Zoology	1,988
Engineering	3,408	Math & Computer Science	1,971
Biology	2,917	Geography	1,742
Food Science	2,567	Health Sciences	1,736
Geology	2,381	Agriculture	1,666
Technology	2,234	General Science	1,556
Astronomy	2,071		

SOURCE: LJ PERIODICALS PRICE SURVEY 2017

https://lj.libraryjournal.com/2017/04/publishing/new-world-same-model-periodicals-price-survey-2017/#_

Why are Journal Articles so Expensive?

What Are Paywalls?

A system that requires payment from users in order to access content.

You've reached the new
limit of 10 free
articles per month.

The number of articles readers can access free has changed from 20 to 10. Come back next month for another 10 free articles — or choose unlimited access with a Digital Subscription to either the International Herald Tribune or The New York Times. Subscribing is quick and easy.

SEE SUBSCRIPTION OPTIONS FOR
International Herald Tribune

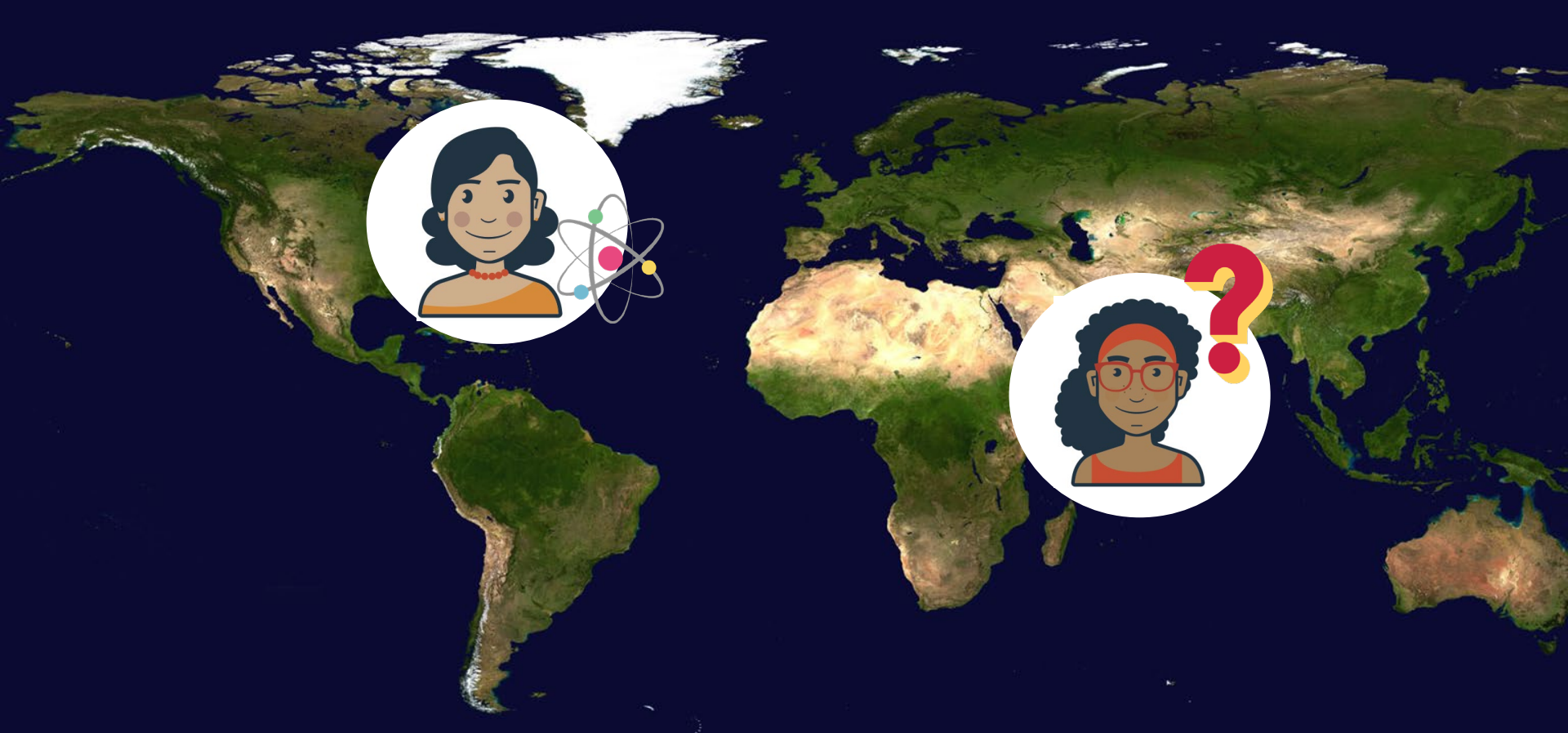
SEE SUBSCRIPTION OPTIONS FOR
The New York Times

Home Delivery Subscriber? [Get free access.](#)

Why Does It Matter?

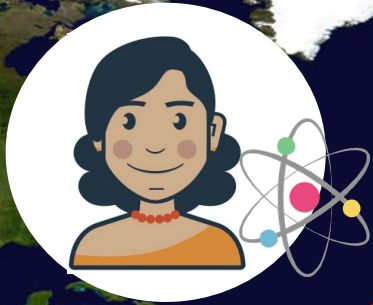
Survey of Recent Graduates

- 50% reported frustration with the loss of access to information resources at their alma mater, including campus library databases.
- 73% reported difficulty with locating affordable sources after graduation.



Case Study

What are the barriers?



Case Study



Download PDF

Export



ELSEVIER

Journal of Molecular Structure

Volume 1164, 15 July 2018, Pages 24

Synthesis and structural characterisation of lithium, sodium and potassium complexes supported by a tridentate amino-bisphosphonate ligand

Clara J. Durango-García ^a, Ernesto Rufino-Felipe ^b, Marcela Rodríguez-Castellanos ^a, Miguel-Ángel Muñoz-Hernández ^b, Virginia Montiel-Palma ^b

Show more

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.molstruc.2018.03.079>

BEFORE

AFTER

☰ Outline



Purchase

Export ▾



ELSEVIER

Journal of Molecular Structure

Volume 1164, 15 July 2018

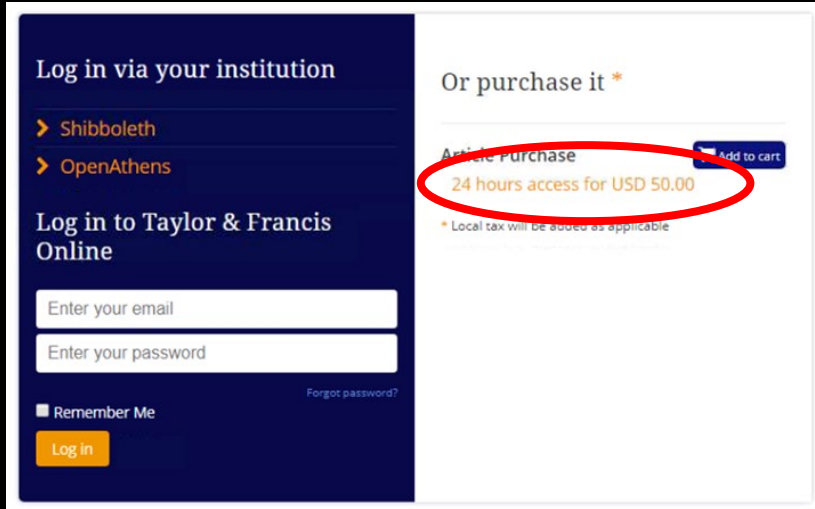
Synthesis and structural characterization of sodium and potassium complexes of a new tridentate amino-bisphenolate

Clara J. Durango-García ^a, Ernesto Rufino-Felipe ^b, M. Muñoz-Hernández ^b, Virginia Montiel-Palma ^b  

 Show more

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.molstruc.2018.03.079>

What do you do next?



Log in via your institution

- > Shibboleth
- > OpenAthens

Log in to Taylor & Francis Online

Enter your email

Enter your password

Remember Me [Forgot password?](#)

Log in

Or purchase it *

Article Purchase [Add to cart](#)

24 hours access for USD 50.00

* Local tax will be added as applicable



\$50 for 24hrs



- Search article title
- Search for author
 - Look for their website, resume/vitae, or university



- Freely (and legally) downloadable versions

Directory of Open Access Journal

- Online directory that indexes and provides access to quality open access, peer-reviewed journals.
- All scientific and scholarly subjects

Search DOAJ

journals articles [\[Advanced Search\]](#)

Browse Subjects

Journals and their articles are categorised using the Library of Congress Subject Headings. Clicking on the arrows in the tree to expand and collapse subjects. Clicking on the

- Agriculture
- Auxiliary sciences of history
- Bibliography. Library science. Information resources
- Education
- Fine Arts
- General Works
- Geography. Anthropology. Recreation
- History (General) and history of Europe
- History America
- Language and Literature
- Law
- Medicine
- Military Science
- Music and books on Music
- Naval Science
- Philosophy. Psychology. Religion
- Political science
- Science
- Social Sciences
- Technology

- All content freely available
 - What is the content?
 - 11,502 Journals
 - 3,075,553 Articles
 - From 126 Countries

What If You Can't Find a Copy?

You are looking for a **published version**, but there may be different versions out on the internet

- Look for a different version of the publication
 - **Pre-Print:** Author's Manuscript (no peer-review)
 - **Post-Print:** Author's final manuscript (contains peer-review, but no journal branding)

What version are you looking at?

Knowing Full Well, by Ernest Sosa. Princeton and Oxford: Princeton University Press, 2011. Pp. x + 163.

The third chapter of Ernest Sosa's latest book bears the title 'Value Matters in Epistemology'. Interpreted as a declarative statement, this title captures a growing sentiment among epistemologists, many of whom have recently turned their attention to certain long-neglected and robustly normative dimensions of the cognitive life. This turn has resulted in an explosion of literature in recent years on topics like virtue epistemology, the epistemic value problem, epistemic luck, credit theories of knowledge, understanding, and wisdom. Sosa's work has been at the center of many of these debates. *Knowing Full Well* is the latest and most sophisticated and mature statement of his views on several of the relevant topics. It is a must-read for anyone with an interest in normative epistemology.

The substance of the book derives from Sosa's inaugural Soochow Lectures in Philosophy, delivered at Soochow University in Taipei in 2008. The overriding thesis of the book is that epistemic normativity is a species of a more general and familiar kind of normativity: viz. performance normativity. More specifically, Sosa's claim is that beliefs are cognitive performances evaluable in terms of norms and principles that apply to performances more broadly, and that knowledge is a cognitive performance that satisfies these norms. After laying out this account with characteristic care and precision, Sosa considers its bearing on several issues and debates in epistemology, including the Gettier problem, the value problem, contextualism, the nature of perceptual experience, testimony, and epistemic circularity.

Readers already familiar with Sosa's influential work in epistemology are likely to wonder how this volume figures relative to two of his other recent and similarly themed works: *A Virtue Epistemology* (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2007) and *Reflective Knowledge* (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2009). In *A Virtue Epistemology*, Sosa introduced the idea that knowledge is a cognitive performance and applied this model to a host of epistemological issues. In this regard, its project is similar to that of *Knowing Full Well*. However, the present account of the performative aspects of knowledge is more detailed and nuanced than what is found in Sosa's previous work. *Knowing Full Well* also extends this account in new directions and applies it to new problems. Sosa's other recent book, *Reflective Knowledge*, mainly addresses the problem of epistemic circularity. While *Knowing Full Well* contains a chapter on epistemic circularity that draws on some of this work, its overlap with *Reflective Knowledge* is minimal. In short, *Knowing Full Well* is best viewed as elaborating on, further defending, and extending positions that Sosa has gestured at or developed previously. It is worth reading even for those already well-acquainted with his work.

Knowing Full Well, by Ernest Sosa. Princeton and Oxford: Princeton University Press, 2011. Pp. x + 163. H/b £20.95/\$29.95.

The third chapter of Ernest Sosa's latest book bears the title 'Value Matters in Epistemology'. Interpreted as a declarative statement, this title captures a growing sentiment among epistemologists, many of whom have recently turned their attention to certain long-neglected and robustly normative dimensions of the cognitive life. This turn has resulted in an explosion of literature in recent years on topics like virtue epistemology, the epistemic value problem, epistemic luck, credit theories of knowledge, understanding, and wisdom. Sosa's work has been at the center of many of these debates. *Knowing Full Well* is the latest and most sophisticated and mature statement of his views on several of the relevant topics. It is a must-read for anyone with an interest in normative epistemology.

The substance of the book derives from Sosa's inaugural Soochow Lectures in Philosophy, delivered at Soochow University in Taipei in 2008. The overriding thesis of the book is that epistemic normativity is a species of a more general and familiar kind of normativity: namely performance normativity. More specifically, Sosa's claim is that beliefs are cognitive performances evaluable in terms of norms and principles that apply to performances more broadly, and that knowledge is a cognitive performance that satisfies these norms. After laying out this account with characteristic care and precision,

Knowing Full Well, by Ernest Sosa. Princeton and Oxford: Princeton University Press, 2011. Pp. x + 163.

The third chapter of Ernest Sosa's latest book bears the title 'Value Matters in Epistemology'. Interpreted as a declarative statement, this title captures a growing sentiment among epistemologists, many of whom have recently turned their attention to certain long-neglected and robustly normative dimensions of the cognitive life. This turn has resulted in an explosion of literature in recent years on topics like virtue epistemology, the epistemic value problem, epistemic luck, credit theories of knowledge, understanding, and wisdom. Sosa's work has been at the center of many of these debates. *Knowing Full Well* is the latest and most sophisticated and mature statement of his views on several of the relevant topics. It is a must-read for anyone with an interest in normative epistemology.

The substance of the book derives from Sosa's inaugural Soochow Lectures in Philosophy, delivered at Soochow University in Taipei in 2008. The overriding thesis of the book is that epistemic normativity is a species of a more general and familiar kind of normativity: viz. performance normativity. More specifically, Sosa's claim is that beliefs are cognitive performances evaluable in terms of norms and principles that apply to performances more broadly, and that knowledge is a cognitive performance that satisfies these norms. After laying out this account with characteristic care and precision, Sosa considers its bearing on several issues and debates in epistemology, including the Gettier problem, the value problem, and the problem of epistemic circularity.

Free Pre-Print from

http://digitalcommons.lmu.edu/phil_fac/29/

Readers already familiar with Sosa's influential work in epistemology are likely to wonder how this volume figures relative to two of his other recent and similarly themed works: *A Virtue Epistemology* (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2007) and *Reflective Knowledge* (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2009). In *A Virtue Epistemology*, Sosa introduced the idea that knowledge is a cognitive performance and applied this model to a host of epistemological issues. In this regard, its project is similar to that of *Knowing Full Well*. However, the present account of the performative aspects of knowledge is more detailed and nuanced than what is found in Sosa's previous work. *Knowing Full Well* also extends this account in new directions and applies it to new problems. Sosa's other recent book, *Reflective Knowledge*, mainly addresses the problem of epistemic circularity. While *Knowing Full Well* contains a chapter on epistemic circularity that draws on some of this work, its overlap with *Reflective Knowledge* is minimal. In short, *Knowing Full Well* is best viewed as elaborating on, further defending, and extending positions that Sosa has gestured at or developed previously. It is worth reading even for those already well-acquainted with his work.

Knowing Full Well, by Ernest Sosa. Princeton and Oxford: Princeton University Press, 2011. Pp. x + 163. H/b £20.95/\$29.95.

The third chapter of Ernest Sosa's latest book bears the title 'Value Matters in Epistemology'. Interpreted as a declarative statement, this title captures a growing sentiment among epistemologists, many of whom have recently turned their attention to certain long-neglected and robustly normative dimensions of the cognitive life. This turn has resulted in an explosion of literature in recent years on topics like virtue epistemology, the epistemic value problem, epistemic luck, credit theories of knowledge, understanding, and wisdom. Sosa's work has been at the center of many of these debates. *Knowing Full Well* is the latest and most sophisticated and mature statement of his views on several of the relevant topics. It is a must-read for anyone with an interest in normative epistemology.

\$34 from Oxford Academic

<https://doi.org/10.1093/mind/fzs036>

The substance of the book derives from Sosa's inaugural Soochow Lectures in Philosophy, delivered at Soochow University in Taipei in 2008. The overriding thesis of the book is that epistemic normativity is a species of a more general and familiar kind of normativity: namely performance normativity. More specifically, Sosa's claim is that beliefs are cognitive performances evaluable in terms of norms and principles that apply to performances more broadly, and that knowledge is a cognitive performance that satisfies these norms. After laying out this account with characteristic care and precision,

Subject Repositories

- Collections of research from a particular subject area or discipline
 - [arXiv](#) - e-Print archive hosted by Cornell of over a million e-prints in Physics, Mathematics, Computer Science, Quantitative Biology, Quantitative Finance and Statistics

Subject Repositories

- [bioRxiv](#) - a preprint server for biology
- [Cogprints](#) - an archive of self-archived papers in Psychology, Neuroscience, Linguistics, and Computer Science
- [Social Science Research Network](#) - collaborative of authors to disseminate social science research
- [SocArXiv](#) - open archive of the social sciences

PubMed

- Largest free database of biomedical citations and abstracts of 5,200 journals in 30 languages dating back to 1949
- Topics include: medicine, nursing, dentistry, veterinary medicine, and the health care system

Academia.edu & ResearchGate

- For-Profit Scholarly Social Networks
- Academics use these sites to share their research and follow the research of others
- Sometimes they add full-text PDFs of their publications
- Not necessary legal sharing

Institutional Repositories

- Check out if the faculty members are employed at a school with an institutional repository.
- Institutional repositories centralize, preserve, and make accessible campus scholarly research - they might have a copy of the author's publication
 - *Digital Commons @ LMU & LLS*

OA Button

Find an open access copy of the work you were looking for.



Avoid
Paywalls,
Request
Research.

Free, legal research articles delivered instantly or automatically requested from authors.

<https://doi.org/10.1080/00958972.2018.1460471>



[Try it now](#)

[How it works](#)



Always have the button by your side, no account needed.
[Get the Chrome browser extension in one click.](#)

This tool can also facilitate a direct email request to the author for a copy of the paper.

This article is available!

https://figshare.com/articles/Syntheses_and_crystal_structures_of_mixed-ligand_copper_II_imidazole_carboxylate_complexes/6086630/1

Not what you were expecting? [Report an error](#).

You can [request it from the author](#) if it isn't available.

Figure S4. Thermogram of $[\text{Cu}(\text{imzH})_2(\text{cinn})_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})]$ (1)

Figure S5. Thermogram of $\text{Cu}(\text{imzH})_2(\text{cinn})_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})$

[Explore more content](#) 

995.docx (344.08 kB)

1 / 9     

Cite

Download (344.08 kB)

Share

Embed

+ Collect (you need to log in first)

Syntheses and crystal structures of mixed-ligand copper(II)–imidazole–carboxylate complexes

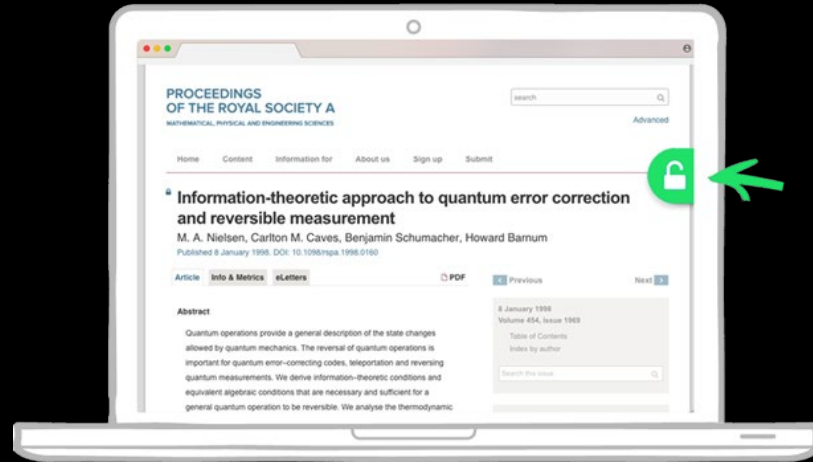
04.04.2018, 08:56 by Syeda Shahzadi Batool, William T. A. Harrison, Quratulain Syed, Muhammad Salman Haider

The syntheses, characterization, and crystal structures of the reaction products of Cu^{2+} with imidazole (Himz) and different aromatic carboxylates, viz.: $[\text{Cu}(\text{Himz})_2(\text{cinn})_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})]$

UnPaywall

A Browser extension that finds a free version of the article you're looking at.

The extension searches more than 5,300 repositories worldwide, including preprint servers and institutional databases.



Click the green lock! There's a free copy somewhere else!

mixed-ligand complexes

Salman Haider

Published online: 25 Apr 2018

ns

[Metrics](#)

[Reprints & Permissions](#)

[Get access](#)

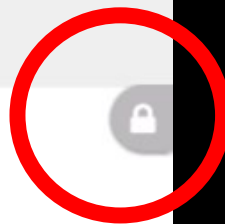


Products of Cu^{2+} with imidazole
, $[\text{Cu}(\text{Himz})_2(\text{paba})_2]$ (**2**) and
(paba^-) are described and studied by
X-ray diffraction analyses indicate that each
coordination geometry arising from
the metal ions of **2** and **3**, however,

Latest two full volumes
FREE to you for 14 days

Meet the
#100WomenInScience

Discover the female-led
research making an
impact today



A green 'unlock' sign means a free version of the paper is available elsewhere.

A grey 'lock' icon means the tool could not locate a free version.



Field Trip

- Visit the local public library
- Visit the closest academic library

Activity Time!

A modern, curved glass building with multiple stories, illuminated from within, set against a dark sky at dusk. The building's glass reflects the surrounding environment. In the foreground, a person is sitting on a wooden bench on a paved area. A tall black lamppost stands to the left of the bench. The overall scene is dimly lit, emphasizing the building's interior lights and the yellow text overlay.

Are you sitting next to a partner?

Reflection

Google Form

A photograph of a modern, curved glass building at dusk. The building has multiple floors with large windows, some of which are illuminated from within. In the foreground, a person is sitting on a wooden bench on a paved area. A street lamp is visible on the left. The overall scene is dimly lit, with the building's lights providing the primary illumination.



**Open Access:
Strategies and Tools for Life after LMU
LibGuide**

<http://libguides.lmu.edu/SURP/OA>